

General News Items.

A State Military Convention, we learn, is to assemble in Columbus, on the third Tuesday of January next. Those in attendance, to appear in such costume as may be appropriate to their rank.

St. Louis, Nov. 23.—Gov. Walker arrived here Saturday evening, en route for Washington. Nothing new relative to Kansas matters has transpired.

A Washington despatch says:—The latest information from the Utah expedition has brought Gen. Persifer Smith here. He is conferring with the Administration as to the disposition of troops in Kansas, and the organization of contingent reinforcements for the force now on its way to Salt Lake.

REIGNITION OF SECRETARY STANTON.—Secretary Stanton, of Kansas, has forwarded his resignation to Mr. Buchanan at Washington, to take effect on the 31st of December, when, the President supposes, the State Government will be fairly in operation. Of course, no successor will be appointed.

BREAD-DISPENSING EXAMPLE.—Mr. Hewitt, a wealthy and charitable gentleman of Philadelphia has commenced distributing, at his own expense, 500 loaves of bread per week, to the poor. Another, of the same stamp, has authorized Mr. H. to double the amount weekly during the winter. Each \$15 will pay for an additional 500 eight cent loaves, and the 1000 per week will probably be increased to three or four thousand soon.

The cattle dealers of the West, with a view to breaking up the present railroad combination under which rates of freight have been materially advanced, are arranging to make all their shipments to the East by one road. This, they think will bring the other roads to terms, or in other words, break up the combination. Provided one route can furnish all the facilities required, the drovers may secure the object aimed at in the way proposed.

A shocking fratricide lately occurred in Greenup county, Ky., a few miles above Portsmouth. A son was quarreling with his father, when a younger brother, who was present, stepped in and immediately stabbed the latter several times with a knife, killing him instantly. The father and son were arrested and imprisoned.

MARINE LOSSES.—Few people, we imagine, have any just idea of the vast amount of marine losses that occur annually. The table published by the *Commerical and Quirer* of marine losses for the month of October, shows an aggregate of forty-two vessels, of which six were ships, nine were bark, five were brig, and twenty-two were schooners. The total value of property lost was six hundred and sixty thousand, three hundred dollars.

ANOTHER COMET.—A faint telescope comet was discovered on the evening of the 12th inst., at the Observatory of Harvard College, by Mr. Horace P. Tuttle, near the star Theta Draconis. This comet is the sixth which has appeared in 1857. We believe it is the thirteenth or fourteenth discovered at this observatory, before any information had been received of their having been seen elsewhere.

DEATH OF A CHILD FROM DELIRIUM TREMENS.—The Marquess (Iowa) Visitor says a young child but six years of age died with delirium tremens at "Brush Run." The father, a short time since, was sent to jail for selling whisky, and during his incarceration his wife made whisky "meat and drink" for herself and child. The wife finally fell down stairs and killed herself, and the child was shortly after attacked with all the symptoms of delirium tremens, with which it died.

THE TIME TO SELL.—The Albany Journal has an article on the best time for Western farmers to sell their wheat. After an extended consideration of the grounds on which the question is to be decided, the Journal gives its opinion in these concluding words:—"It may not be the business of journalists to tell men when to sell their property. Fault will not be found with them however, for kindly and conscientiously presenting to the farmers the risk of a business to which they are untrained and unequal—that of speculating in grain. The time for them to sell their wheat does seem to us to be the present time."

INDIA.—Later advices received confirm the capture of Delhi. The garrison at Lucknow had been relieved by Gen. Havelock, just as the enemy were ready to blow it up. A large portion of the garrison had already been captured. Gen. Nall had been killed.

The King of Delhi had surrendered, and his life had been spared; but his two sons had been shot.

Telegraphic advices in advance of the overland mail had been received at London, a fortnight later than the previous intelligence.

Delhi was in complete possession of the British on the 21st of September. General Nicholson died of wounds received in the assault.

DESTRUCTIVE CONFLAGRATION.—The depot of the Illinois Central Railroad, at Cairo, with all the contents, was destroyed on Sunday night, including four freight cars and the engine house. Loss, \$200,000. The part of the building occupied by the agent, clerks and express men, was destroyed, who lost everything. A package of \$1,500, belonging to the express company, was destroyed; also a package of same amount belonging to Adams, Graham & Co. Insurance not ascertained.

As an evidence of the hard times which are prevailing everywhere, the Newark (N.J.) *Advertiser* relates the following incident:

A young mechanic on Saturday evening was arrested for stealing a piece of meat from a butcher's stall. He said he had been without work several weeks, and being without money or credit, and too proud to beg, he preferred to steal to starve. A wife and two children, who had been without food since Friday morning. An investigation into the case proved the truth of his statement, and he was released, given the meat, and told to come for more, and also presented with a purse of \$5, which was made up for him.

Sinking Spring Correspondence.

SINKING SPRING, Nov. 10, 1857.
DEAR NEWS:—"Hard times" is a cruel task-master, and it is this that drives me to the pen once more, because, like the weather, it furnishes a theme for universal comment, and no one with a penchant for scribbling can resist the temptation to speculate upon it.

Reader—look not for a dissertation upon the remote and immediate, the direct and incidental causes of, nor upon an imagined infallible remedy, from this goose-quill.

When I was a boy, there was a morass (vulgarly called mud-hole) just outside of town, bordering the turn-pike. Large herds of cattle frequently passed over this road from Kentucky, and not unfrequently would one or more of these unwieldy animals, in attempting to wade through the quagmire, stick fast, and the more the ox struggled to regain *terra firma*, the deeper he mired, until, with the aid of poles, pikes, and a strong pull at a rope attached to the beast's horns, its struggles for release became effectual, when he would suggestively shake off the mud and rejoice his comrades, not realising the value of his experience as well as the dryer, who would remark, "Go along, old fellow; you will not be caught in that kind of a scrape again!"

"Well, what analogy is there between a mud-hole and a money panic?" says one. Let us see:
A certain Desire-to-be-rich has great herds of human cattle, which he drives annually to the slaughter-house, over the great public highway to ruin, called the "long credit system." The road has not a solid mineral covering, but it was presumed that the numerous banks built upon its borders would secure it from inundation, but recently a financial storm of great violence swept a number of the bridges (the bridges on this road are made of paper) away. At this period there was a great throng upon the road, and the multitude took fright and rushed madly upon the bridges, which gave way under the unlooked pressure, and those that fell sank fast in the mire below, while others scrambled to the banks for safety, which in turn crumbled, and they were many of them born by an impetuous flood of paper promises into the general quagmire of suspension, and some into the hopeless vortex of bankruptcy, burying crowds that had fled to them for protection.

About this time, Desire-to-be-rich, seeing the desperate state of his affairs, sold out his entire stock at a great loss, to a certain Mr. Pay-promptly, who is an individual of vast resources. He says he will be able to rescue nearly all of the surviving cattle, if the farmers will assist him with some poles, the merchants and mechanics loan him the hand of the pry, and the capitalists will attach their "cords of cash" to both horns of the dilemma.

Do you discover any analogy between a money panic and a swamp, now, my friends? Not much, truly; yet the figure will answer my purpose, to impress it upon the farming community that the time for action on their part has arrived. The farmers should take their surplus grain to market. It is the imperative duty of such of them as are withholding their dues from the merchant and mechanic, and it would result to the advantage of all.

So, let the human cattle, that are still in the mire, be of good cheer. The work for their release has already commenced. Some banks are not broken or suspended, in spite of the broken Good Mr. Pay-promptly will come by and bye, with help, and raise the credit-wrecked throng, and say to them, "Go along, old fellows, you have learned to avoid quagmires hereafter!" Yours, &c.,

NOAH.
P. S. I notice in the News a paragraph calling attention to some monster Boats, weighing 6 to 8 lbs. each. I saw, last week, at Cynthia's, two specimen boats, grown by Mr. J. W. McGaughey, that beat any boat I ever saw or heard of. They weighed 12 and 17 lbs. respectively, after being divested of their tops and leeway ribs. The weight of the larger boat, with all its appurtenances, exceeded 20 lbs.

MEMPHIS, November 23.—The steamer "Rainbow" was burned to the water's edge on Saturday morning, ten miles above Napoleon, Ark.

It is reported that from fifty to seventy lives were lost, including all the officers.

The boat and cargo will prove a total loss.

New States.

It is very probable that early in the approaching session of Congress three new States will apply to be admitted to the Union, and become co-equal and ordinate members of our great confederacy. The aspirants for this honor are the territories of Oregon, Minnesota, and Kansas. Of these, Minnesota alone has finally adopted a constitution—the conventions of the other two being now at work framing their fundamental law. Thus the number of the United States will be thirty-four. The places of the Territories advanced to the more elevated condition of States, will probably soon be filled by the organization of Arizona, Dacotah and Carson, for which, it is said, the necessary steps are being taken.

The Capitol Extension.

The work on the south wing of the addition to the Capitol is progressing very rapidly, an extra force being now busily engaged on the House of Representatives, which is so nearly finished that the upholsterer (Mr. W. Thomson) is now engaged in laying down the carpet, manufactured in Boston. The Speaker's seat, and the desks of the reporters and clerks, are to be of Italian and Tennessee marble of the finest finish. The galleries are to be grained, in imitation of mahogany. The side stairways are to be of ornate design.

The Speaker's retiring room is to be constructed entirely of iron, somewhat in the style of the new library room, and will be truly magnificent in design and workmanship. The piers of the eastern porticoes are in course of construction, and the connecting corridors are advancing rapidly, the south corridor being so nearly completed that it will probably be ready for use at the opening of the session.

The Highland News.

HILLSBOROUGH, OHIO:

Thursday, ::::: Nov. 26, 1857.

NEW FEATURE.

AN ORIGINAL STORY!

The first number of our paper for the New Year, (January 6,) will contain the commencement of an ORIGINAL STORY, written expressly for our columns by a Lady of Highland county. From our knowledge of the talents and ability of the fair writer, we feel warranted in promising our readers a rare literary treat. Those who wish to secure the whole Story should subscribe early.

To Our Patrons.

The time for which many of our mail subscribers have paid, will expire on the 1st of January next, and in accordance with our new rule of strictly Advance Payment, their papers will then be stopped, unless they previously renew their subscriptions. We send bills to all of them in this week's paper, so as to give them ample time to renew, if they wish to do so, before the beginning of the new year.

It is hardly necessary for us to say, that we hope none of our old friends and patrons will refuse to continue their support. During the year now drawing to a close, we have faithfully endeavored to furnish them a paper, which should be richly worth the trifling price asked for it. Without vanity we think we can safely say that we have succeeded. Notwithstanding its very low price, we have given them a sheet which we are not ashamed to compare with any other of its class, in any respect, or whatever its pretensions. We have been enabled to do this by adopting and adhering rigidly to the cash system, while other papers, no larger or better, have been compelled to charge their patrons from 50 to 100 per cent. more, in order to make up for losses from non-paying subscribers.

Our experience during the present year has so completely convinced us of the wisdom and sound policy of the system we have adopted, that we intend to adhere to it as long as we continue in the business.

We take it for granted that all our readers are intelligent, and capable of judging for themselves, of the merits of our paper, and therefore we shall not resort to any extravagant "puffing," to induce them to continue their patronage. If they think the paper worth the money we ask for it, we shall be glad to have them take it, and feel thankful for their support. If not, they have a perfect right to do as they please, and we shall not complain.

Kansas Affairs.

The uncertainty in regard to the Constitution adopted by the late Pro-slavery Convention has been cleared up, and it is now settled that the Constitution is to be submitted to the people in the form of "Constitution with slavery," or "Constitution without slavery." It will be observed that the Convention thus gives the people no chance to vote down the Constitution, the instrument must be adopted, whether the people approve it or not, and all the privilege they are allowed, is to vote upon a single clause of it, in regard to slavery. What sort of a Constitution it is, that this Pro-slavery body are determined if they can to force upon the people of Kansas, may be judged from one or two of its provisions. One of the most notable is that the slave property already in the Territory shall never be interfered with. Another, that no amendments can be made to the instrument for ten years. Another, that when the Constitution is submitted to the people on the 21st December, the judges of election shall be appointed by the President of the Convention, and the returns made to him and examined by himself and two other members of the Convention. The design of the whole instrument is evidently to prevent a fair expression of the popular will upon the Constitution, and fasten slavery upon the Territory.

The fraud attempted is so palpable that many of the Democratic papers of the North are denouncing it, notwithstanding the report from Washington that the President approves of the action of the Convention. The Philadelphia Press, (Forney's paper,) the Ohio Statesman, the Chicago Times, (Douglas's home organ,) the Pittsburg Union, and Louisville Democrat, all leading Democratic journals, warmly oppose the action of the Convention, and insist that Congress should not give its sanction to the Constitution framed by it.

Meantime it is not yet known what course the Free State men of Kansas will take, but the indications are that they will refuse to vote on the instrument at all. The whole subject will of course come before Congress early in the session, and a stormy time may be looked for.

Supreme Court Docket.

We learn from the Columbus papers that the cases for trial on the docket of the Supreme Court of Ohio, number, at this time, 290. The next term of Court will commence on the 7th day of December next.

Please Post up Conspicuously.

With this week's paper we send out a number of large Prospectuses, beautifully printed in colors. Our friends who receive them will oblige us by posting them up in stores, shops, or any other public places where they will be seen.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Lord's Detector, published monthly and semi-monthly at Cincinnati, is the most reliable Bank Note Reporter we know of, and we can confidently recommend it to the patronage of business men. Terms: monthly \$1 50, semi-monthly, \$2 per annum. Address T. R. Lonn & Co., publishers.

The College Journal of Medical Science is a neatly printed and well-conducted monthly of 48 pages, issued by the Faculty of the Cincinnati Eclectic College of Medicine. It is devoted to the exposition of the nature and cause of diseases, and their treatment according to the principles of the Eclectic School. To medical practitioners of that school it is no doubt a very useful work, and contains much that is of interest to the general reader.

Terms: \$1 a year in advance. Address Dr. C. H. Cleveland, Cincinnati.

Harper's Magazine for December is a number of unusual attractions. It contains the commencement of two new stories, written expressly for the work, by two celebrated English novelists—W. M. Thackeray and Charles Reade. Thackeray's story is entitled, "The Virginians," and the principal characters and scenes are American—time, the latter part of the last century, embracing the eventful period of the old French and Revolutionary Wars. The title of Mr. Reade's new story is "Jack of all Trades—A Matter of Fact Romance."

For these stories, Messrs. Harpers pay the authors a large price, but they will no doubt greatly increase the circulation of their Magazine. Terms: single copy, 83 a year; two copies \$5; five copies \$10. To Clergymen and Teachers, \$2 a year. A new volume commences with this number. Address Harper & Brothers, New York.

The Lady's Book—December.—This is one of the handsomest numbers of Godey's popular magazine yet issued. The companion engravings, "Christmas Eve," and "Christmas Morning," are really superb specimens of art.—The "little ones," in many a home, will owe a debt of thanks to Mr. Godey, for so happily reminding their parents and friends of "Merry Christmas," and "good old Santa Claus." This number closes the fifty-fifth volume of the "Lady's Book," during all which time it has been under the control of the present enterprising and indefatigable publisher. With his long experience, his fine taste, and liberal expenditures to artists and writers, he has succeeded in producing a magazine which is admitted to have no equal in its peculiar department, as a Lady's Book, par excellence.

The accomplished Mrs. SARAH J. HALE will continue her labors as editor, during the coming year. We know of no more appropriate Christmas or New Year's present from a husband to a wife, or from a brother to a sister, or from a bachelor gentleman to a lady friend, than a copy of the Lady's Book for a year. We will furnish the magazine and our paper together for \$3 in advance, which is the regular price of the magazine alone. Terms to clubs: two copies \$3; three copies \$5; six copies \$10. Address L. A. Godey, Philadelphia.

Origin of Thanksgiving Day.

The New York Times, and some of the Philadelphia papers, have expressed their disapprobation of a Thanksgiving day. They think a day of fasting and prayer would be more appropriate, as though, in the present distress, we had nothing to be thankful for. To those who think thus, the following history of the origin of Thanksgiving Day may prove instructive:

"When New England was first planted, the settlers met with many difficulties and hardships, as is necessarily the case when a civilized people attempt to establish themselves in a wilderness country. Being piously disposed, they sought relief in Heaven, by laying their wants and distresses before the Lord in frequent sets of fasting and prayer. Constant meditation, and discourse on the subject of their difficulties, kept their minds gloomy and discontented, and like the children of Israel, there were many disposed to return to the land which persecution had determined them to abandon.

"At length, when it was proposed in the assembly to proclaim another fast, a farmer of plain sense, rose and remarked, that the inconveniences they had suffered were not so great as might have been expected, and were diminishing every day, as the colony strengthened; that the earth began to reward their labors, and to furnish liberally for their sustenance; that the seas and rivers were full of fish, the air sweet, the climate wholesome; above all, they were in the full enjoyment of liberty, civil and religious. He therefore thought that reflecting and conversing on these subjects would be more comfortable, as tending to make them more contented with their situation; and that it would be more becoming the gratitude they owed to the Divine Being, if, instead of a fast, they should proclaim a Thanksgiving. His advice was taken; and, from that day to this, they have, in every year, observed circumstances of public happiness sufficient to furnish employment for a Thanksgiving Day."

Disasters and Loss of Life.

During the severe storm of Wednesday night, 19th inst., sixteen coal boats, heavily laden, were sunk in the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, near Cairo. Only 20 men were saved from the boats, and it is supposed that at least 100 perished. The crews were principally from Pittsburgh and Louisville.

The steamer Cataract burst her mud receiver on the morning of Tuesday, 17th inst., at Lisbon, on the Missouri river. Five persons were instantly killed, and 15 severely scalded, 7 of whom died.

The steamer Rainbow, with 347 passengers, was burned at Island 74, on the Mississippi river, on Saturday morning last, at 2 o'clock. She was run on shore as soon as the fire was discovered, but in the panic and confusion, from 50 to 75 of the passengers were lost. The officers all escaped.

The Mormon Outrages Confirmed.

The Santa Fe mail arrived at Independence on the 28th inst. Business was dull and money scarce. The mail party encountered a snow storm this side of Fort Union. Grass and water were abundant on the plains. The Cheyenne Indians were around Booth and Allison's post, on Walnut Creek, very much alarmed, and anxious to make peace.

Intelligence from Fort Kearney confirms the destruction of Government trains by the Mormons.

Mr. Lander, chief engineer of Magraw's Wagon Road Survey, arrived here on Saturday, en route for Washington. The expedition had gone into winter quarters on Wind river, near the South Pass. Mr. Lander corroborates the previous reports relative to the destruction of the Government train by the Mormons.

In consequence of new discoveries and explorations by Lander's party, the military has abandoned the old route, and was approaching Salt Lake Valley by the open plains of the western descent of the Bear and Malade rivers.

Gov. Cumming and Col. Cook had been met two days' march east of Fort Laramie.

Brigham Young disclaims any knowledge or participation in the destruction of the supply trains.

Hercules in the Temple.

THE PILLARS OF PREDICATE OVERTHROWN.—The most stupendous genius of the age, or discovery encounters, are the individuals who, in the name of science, have undertaken to overthrow the pillars of predicate. In the name of science, they have undertaken to overthrow the pillars of predicate. In the name of science, they have undertaken to overthrow the pillars of predicate.

The object of Professor Halloway is to furnish a manual of the vital powers, while the system of disease is being driven out of the system. The object of Professor Halloway is to furnish a manual of the vital powers, while the system of disease is being driven out of the system. The object of Professor Halloway is to furnish a manual of the vital powers, while the system of disease is being driven out of the system.

Special Notices.

TO MEDICAL STUDENTS.

A Ticket, entitling the holder to a Fall Course of Lectures in the Cincinnati Eclectic College of Medicine, will be sold at a considerable discount FOR CASH, if applied for soon. Address the editor of this paper. nov26f

Cold Weather has Come!

AND
G. W. HORN
is prepared to supply his customers and the public with the best and cheapest
Winter Clothing.

In this market, embracing every description of COATS, OVER-COATS, PANTS, VESTS, UNDERWEAR, SHIRTS, and every article suited for Men and Boys' Wear, made of the best materials and in the most fashionable styles, at prices to suit the times.

Also—HATS and CAPS, in great variety. Call and examine his stock, if you want bargains.

27 High Street, a few doors south of Dargers' corner.

Hillsboro, Nov. 26, 1857 nov26 f

Blank Deeds!

A SUPPLY of Blank Deeds and Mortgages (Swan's improved form) just printed on fine paper, and for sale by the sheet, dozen, or single use at
THIS OFFICE.

PATTERSON, VANWINKLE & CO.,

Have a large and complete assortment of Fall & Winter Goods, consisting of all articles in the Dry Goods catalogue, together with a fine lot of

GROCERIES & SADDLERY,

all of which they are willing to SUIIT THE TIMES, or as cheap as the cheapest. Also, a large lot of

Ladies' Furs,

At New York prices. IF CALL AND SEE PATTERSON, VANWINKLE & CO. nov12f

BOOK-KEEPING!

"Tickets for a Fall or Fall Course of Instruction at Gundry's Commercial College, Cincinnati, can be obtained at this office at a considerable discount from the regular price. Young men wishing to qualify themselves for Mercantile Business, will find this one of the best institutions in the West."

nov26

For Local News and Markets see Third Page.

Marrriages.

"But happy they! the happiest of their kind! When gentler stars unite, and in one fate Their hearts, their fortunes, and their beings bind."

MARRIED—On the 19th inst., by Rev. J. Reel, Mr. D. B. Roane, of Adams co., to Miss Rebecca Wisner, of this co.

On the 19th inst., by Rev. J. R. Sullivan, Mr. James F. Butts to Miss Elizabeth Davis, of this county.

New Advertisements.

ADVERTISING
Has given many a Good Business.
Has saved many a Failing Business.
Has rescued many a Lost Business.
Has renewed many a Dying Business.
Has enlarged many a Small Business.
Has procured many a Large Business.
Has created many a New Business.
Has secured success in every Business.
Will kill off Old Fogy Business.
And cause many to raise their Business.

WE HASTE TO RESCUE!

Firemen's Festival!

THANKSGIVING NIGHT!
THE HILLSBORO FIRE COMPANY, in order to raise means to purchase additional hose for the use of the Company, have determined to give a

SUPPER AND MUSICAL FESTIVAL, THURSDAY EVENING, NOV. 26, At the Court House.

The Hillsboro Sax-Horn Band

And several well-known AMATEUR VOCALISTS, Have kindly volunteered their services for the occasion.

The Company feel warranted in promising a good entertainment, and hope that their appeal to their fellow-citizens for so necessary and deserving an object, will not be disregarded.

Tickets One Dollar, Admitting a Lady and Gentleman.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS: J. W. DOGGETT, C. McMILLIN, DAN INSKIE, W. HEDDLESTON, J. F. DOGGETT, F. S. KELLER, J. S. TRIMBLE.

nov26 w3

Valuable Town Property at a Bargain.

A new Business House, near the center of town, one of the most desirable business stands in the place; also a handsome Brick Dwelling, pleasantly situated, near the Female College, are offered for sale at a bargain. For particulars inquire of the Editor of this paper. nov26f

C. W. RHOADES, W. H. RHOADES.

C. W. Rhoades & Co.

DEALERS IN

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES, AND

Ready-Made Clothing

AT THE SIGN OF J. F. STEWART, One door North of Falls' Corner, HILLSBORO, OHIO.

The Largest Assortment of

Men & Boys' Furnishing Goods, Ever brought to Hillsboro.

HALF DUTCH SHOES, for Misses' Winter Wear.

LADIES' WINTER SHOES—all kinds. An extensive stock of Boots and Shoes.

An excellent and large variety of Men and Boys' READY-MADE CLOTHING.

"COME, AND BE CLOTHED!"

The old patrons of the "Rhoades' Boys" will be pleased to learn that "clips of the old blocks" are still in the "Hitting Business," and are prepared to furnish all kinds of Hats and Caps that may be desired. GIVE US A CALL.

C. W. RHOADES & CO.

nov16 w3

REMOVAL.

Stoves and Tin-Ware.

J. B. HILL returns his thanks to his numerous friends and customers for their liberal patronage, and would inform them that he has removed to his New Building, a few doors East of Falls' Corner, where he has now on hand a complete stock of

Parlor and Cooking Stoves, Of the latest style and best castings, which he is selling at very low prices.

He also continues to manufacture and put up Tin Roofing, &c., and carry on the Tin and Copper Smith Business, in all its branches. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

Remember the place—Main Street, between Woodrow & Harris' Wholesale Warehouse. Hillsboro, Nov. 26, 1857. nov26 y3

D. J. CRESAP,

(OF CINCINNATI,) FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

Has located himself in Hillsboro, where he designs to carry on the

TAILORING BUSINESS, In the most approved fashionable style, and with the most liberal patronage. Also, he has on hand a fine selection of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings. Particular attention paid to cutting and making of all kinds of garments.

Corner of Main and High streets. nov26

Public Sale.

THERE will be offered at public sale, at the late residence of John B. Bland, deceased, five miles northwest from Hillsboro, on SATURDAY, DECEMBER 5th, 1857, the personal property, to-wit: Two head of Horses, one two-year Carriage and Harness, Farming Implements of various kinds, three Beds and Bedding, one Cooking Stove. Also—a variety of House and Kitchen Furniture, two tables to mention.

Terms made known on day of sale. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. JOHN C. RIVES, Administrator.

nov12w3

GEO. M. ZINK, CABINET MAKER,

—AND—
UNDERTAKER,
East End of Main Street, nearly opposite the Female Seminary.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Hillsboro and surrounding country, that he has removed his shop to the above location, on East Main street, where he is prepared to execute, in a neat and durable style, all kinds of work in his line. He hopes to receive a liberal share of the patronage, feeling confident that from his facilities in the business, he will be able to render entire satisfaction to all who call.

Prompt attention given to all orders for Coffins. Having purchased a new and complete set of materials in the cemetery, when desired.

GEO. M. ZINK. nov26f

Notice of Attachment.

Abraham Rhoades, FIE, Before Jacob T. Hiler, a Justice of the Peace for Brush Creek Twp., Highland co., Ohio.

ON the 5th day of November, A. D. 1857, said Justice issued a writ of attachment in the above action for the sum of four dollars and fifteen cents.

nov26 w3 ABRAHAM RHOADES, FIE.

Farmers—Protect Your Own!